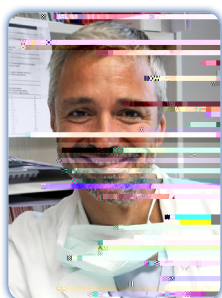


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Tailored thyroid surgery

Thyroidectomy is a common surgical procedure performed for various thyroid conditions, including thyroid cancer, hyperthyroidism, and goiter. The choice of surgical approach depends on the patient's anatomy, the size and location of the thyroid nodule, and the surgeon's expertise. Tailored thyroid surgery involves selecting the most appropriate surgical approach based on individual patient characteristics.

3D HD-Esocope assisted thyroidectomy (1-3) is a minimally invasive approach that uses a 3D high-definition endoscopic system to visualize the thyroid gland through a small incision. This approach allows for precise dissection and removal of the thyroid gland while minimizing postoperative pain and scarring.

Minimal invasive videoassisted thyroidectomy (MIVAT) (4-6) is another minimally invasive approach that uses a video-assisted system to visualize the thyroid gland through a small incision. This approach is similar to 3D HD-Esocope assisted thyroidectomy but uses a standard video camera system.

Robotic thyroidectomy (7-9) is a minimally invasive approach that uses a robotic system to perform thyroidectomy. This approach allows for precise dissection and removal of the thyroid gland through a small incision, similar to MIVAT.

TransOral Endoscopic Thyroidectomy Vestibular Approach (TOETVA) (10-12) is a minimally invasive approach that uses an endoscopic system to visualize the thyroid gland through the mouth. This approach allows for precise dissection and removal of the thyroid gland through a small incision in the mouth, avoiding external scars.

Biography

colorectal surgery and liver surgery. He has done more than 3000 surgical interventions as first operator.