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Ahmed T Alahmar, Zahraa Ali, Zahraa Muhsiand Hadeel Qasim University of Babylon, Iraq

Background: Data on the e ect of obesity on seminal uid and men fertility are inconsistent. e aim of this study was to evaluate the impact of body mass index (BMI) on semen characteristics.

Methods: A cross-sectional study was conducted on 74 infertile men. Semen sample were collected, and sperm concentration progressive motility, total motility and normal sperm morphology were assessed in accordance with WHO 2010 criteria. For each patient, weight and height were measure and patients were divided by BMI into normal weight (BMI: 18.5–24.9=89) overweight (BMI: 25–29.9 kg/m=30) and obese (BMI: 30 kg/m=14). Seminal uid parameters were compared among the three groups.

Results: Although sperm concentration was lower in obese men, sperm concentration, progressive and total motility and normal sperm morphology did not signi cantly di er among normal weight, overweight and obese groups (P>0.05).

Conclusions:Our ndings suggest that BMI may have no in uence on sperm concentration, motility and normal morphology in infertile men.

ahmed.t.alahmar@gmail.com

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