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Clinical Image

Acute epiploic appendagitis is an uncommon cause of abdominal pain [1]. It is a rarely reported condition (1.3% of abdominal pain explored by CT) caused by spontaneous torsion of one or more epiploic appendages. [Open Access](#)

Epiploic appendages (EA) are small, pedunculated, movable protrusions of fat located on the colonic wall and range in size from 0.5 to 5 cm. Although they can occasionally reach 15 cm in diameter [2]. They are found in the rectosigmoid junction (57%), ileocecal region