

An Analysis of the Development of Architecture in a Dry, Hot Climate Using Building Circularity as a Metric of Sustainability

debris. The findings showed that the evolution of architecture reduced energy usage by 78% when compared to the

resulting rise in environmental consequences like Global Warming Potential (GWP) have been quantifed (LCA). The environmental impact of new materials has been shown to be five times greater than that of old ones due to the

Keywords:

Introduction

