

Effect of Parents Economic Status on Teenage School Girls Growth

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Abstract

Background: Teenager or teen is a young person whose age falls within the range from 13-19. They are called teenagers because their age number ends with "teen". Usage by ordinary people varies, and also varies in different societies. Most societies traditionally had a formal ceremony to mark the change from childhood to adulthood. During puberty, rapid mental and physical development occurs. Adolescence is the name for this transition period from childhood to adulthood. In the United States, teenagers from the ages 12-14 go to middle school while teenagers from the ages of 14-18 typically go to high school. In the United Kingdom (UK); teenagers and non-teens are mixed in secondary school. Teenagers attending secondary school generally graduate at the age of 17 or 18. On average, girls begin puberty ages 10-11 years.

Objectives: 1) To find relationship relation between socio-economic status and Nutritional status. 2) Prevalence of under nutrition of study adolescent girls.

Materials and method: Subjects are Adolescents girls aged 10-19 years belongs to Salboni Block which is one the of block of Paschim Medinipur, WestBengal, Participants socioeconomic data are collected through structured questionnaire, anthropometric data are collected through different instruments, cross section study is done on 1009 girls at ages 10-11 years.to collect data on socio-economic status some structured questionnaire were used.

Results: About 69 girls suffering from CED I whose parents are daily labourers 63 girls are suffering from CED I whose parents depend on cultivation, total 37 girls are suffering CED III, among 1009 girls 33 girls are suffering from CED II. In table 3-5, it shows that skilled labour parents adolescent are higher weight, BMI from unskilled occupation parents adolescent. 43% parents occupation is cultivation.

Conclusion: socio -economic factor represent standard of living of any people, in this study it shows skilled person adolescent girls have higher anthropometry 89 girls are under nutrient among studied -enutrition. And hd Conc

		BMI	Job category
BMI	Pearson Correlation	1	0.042
	Sig. (2-tailed)		0.182
	N	1018	1009
Job category	Pearson Correlation	0.042	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	0.182	
	N	1009	1009

		Job category	PBF
Job category	Pearson Correlation	1	-0.02
	Sig. (2-tailed)		0.53
	N	1009	1007
PBF	Pearson Correlation	-0.02	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	0.53	
	N	1007	1009

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