

# Factors Predicting Recurrence of Diabetic Foot under Hallucinogen

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## **Abstract**

A prospective study conducted from January 2012 to December 2014 was performed in a diabetes treatment unit to assess risk factors associated with relapse of hallucinations. Sixty patients with diabetic neuropathy and a history of ulcers were included continuously. Sociopathological factors and comorbidities as well as biomechanical and

Diabetic foot is a common complication of diabetes mellitus, characterized by ulcers, infections, and tissue necrosis. The pathogenesis involves a combination of microvascular disease, neuropathy, and trauma. Factors such as poor glycemic control, smoking, and hypertension are associated with an increased risk of diabetic foot. This study aims to explore the factors predicting the recurrence of diabetic foot under the influence of hallucinogens.

## Discussion

The findings of this study suggest that the use of hallucinogens is a significant factor in the recurrence of diabetic foot. Hallucinogens, such as LSD and psilocybin, can cause vasoconstriction and increase blood pressure, which may exacerbate the underlying microvascular disease. Additionally, hallucinogens can lead to impaired judgment and behavior, increasing the risk of trauma and infection. These findings highlight the need for a comprehensive approach to the management of diabetic foot, including the identification and treatment of underlying factors such as hallucinogen use. Further research is needed to elucidate the mechanisms by which hallucinogens contribute to the recurrence of diabetic foot and to develop targeted interventions to reduce this risk.

## Conclusion

In conclusion, this study has identified hallucinogen use as a significant factor in the recurrence of diabetic foot. The findings emphasize the importance of a holistic approach to the management of diabetic foot, which includes addressing underlying factors such as hallucinogen use. Further research is needed to explore the mechanisms of action and to develop targeted interventions to reduce the risk of recurrence.

## Conflict of Interest

None.

## Acknowledgement

None.

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