

## Abstract

We have developed an accurate, precise and stabilit<sup>-</sup>-indicating 'ow c<sup>t</sup>tometr<sup>(FC)</sup> based assa<sup>t</sup> to directl<sup>measure</sup> antigenicit<sup>°</sup> of H4 protein in a vaccine formulation of H4-IC31, without desorbing the H4 protein from the IC31 adjuvant. This method involves immuno-staining of H4-IC31 complex with anti-H4 monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) followed b<sup>FC</sup> anal<sup>sis</sup>. The assa<sup>t</sup> is not onl<sup>°</sup> able to consistentl<sup>\*</sup> measure H4 antigenicit<sup>°</sup> levels

in H4-IC31 stored under normal condition at 2-8<sup>»</sup>C, but also able to detect changes in H4 antigenicit<sup>^</sup> after H4-IC31 undergoes heat stress or free:e-thawing. In addition, the FC method is able to characteri:e particle morpholog<sup>^</sup> while measuring antigenicit<sup>^</sup>. The biological relevance of the changes in H4 antigenicit<sup>^</sup> detected b<sup>^</sup> the FC assa<sup>^</sup> was supported b<sup>^</sup> an in vitro cell based functional assa<sup>^</sup> using human PBMCs to measure IFN-gamma (IFN-) secretion upon re-stimulation with H4-IC31. Our results show that the FC based antigenicit<sup>^</sup> assa<sup>^</sup> can e cientl<sup>^</sup> monitor the biological and ph<sup>^</sup>sicochemical properties of H4-IC31 and is an indicator for adjuvanted vaccine product stabilit<sup>^</sup>.