

Keywords: Benthic invertebrates; Ecological quality indicators; Macroinvertebrates; Water quality

Introduction

The presence of benthic macroinvertebrates in aquatic ecosystems is a key indicator of water quality. These organisms are sensitive to changes in environmental conditions, such as pollution, habitat alteration, and climate change. The study of their distribution and abundance can provide valuable information about the health of the ecosystem. In this paper, we present a methodology for the identification and classification of benthic macroinvertebrates. The methodology is based on the analysis of morphological and taxonomic characteristics. The first step is the collection of samples from different aquatic environments. The second step is the identification of the organisms, which is done by comparing their characteristics with those of known species. The third step is the classification of the organisms into different functional groups, based on their feeding habits and life cycle. This methodology is a useful tool for the assessment of water quality and the monitoring of environmental changes.

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Abstract

Conclusion

References

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