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The Weight Kuznets Curve in the US: Perspectives on Globalization and Bio-Capacity

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e Weight Kuznets Curve (WKC) theory proposes an inverted-U relationship between economic development and environmental degradation, suggesting that environmental impacts worsen initially but improve as societies reach higher levels of economic prosperity [1]. Applied to weight-related outcomes, particularly obesity rates, this concept explores how economic factors, globalization processes, and biocapacity in uence health and environmental sustainability. In the United States, obesity has become a signi cant public health concern, with prevalence rates rising steadily over recent decades. Simultaneously, globalization has transformed dietary patterns through increased trade, urbanization, and cultural in uences, impacting food choices and consumption behaviors. ese shi s have implications not only for individual health but also for environmental sustainability, as dietary changes in uence biocapacity and ecological footprints [2-6]. is introduction sets out to explore the intricate dynamics between economic development, globalization, biocapacity, and weight-related outcomes within the context of the United States. By examining these relationships, we aim to contribute to the understanding of how economic growth in uences health behaviors and environmental impacts, o ering insights into potential strategies for promoting sustainable development and health equity. e study utilizes a multidisciplinary approach, drawing on data from national and international sources to analyze trends in obesity rates, dietary patterns, and environmental sustainability indicators. By elucidating these connections, we seek to inform policy makers [7], researchers, and public health practitioners on integrated approaches that address both health and environmental dimensions of economic growth in the US. Ultimately, this exploration aims to foster dialogue and evidencebased strategies to mitigate the adverse e ects of globalization on health and environment while promoting sustainable practices for future generations.

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including linear and logistic regression models, were employed to explore associations between economic factors, globalization, and