

# Osteochondral Lesion in Adults and Children

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Osteochondral Lesion (OCL) are becoming increasingly common in the knee joint. The pathogenesis is still unclear, but it is thought to be related to trauma, repetitive stress, and degenerative changes. The clinical presentation is variable, ranging from asymptomatic to severe pain and swelling. The diagnosis is often made by MRI, which shows a well-defined, wedge-shaped lesion of the articular surface. The treatment depends on the size and location of the lesion, and may range from conservative management to surgical resection and reconstruction.

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a d e a bee e ed a e a c d e ce 27 e 100,000. e e e c e a e c e d a e a e e b e e a e c e a c d e ce. I c d e a d a d , OCL a c c a e e e e b e c a a a d d c [14]. OCL c a c a d d e d ( e e e a d a d ) b a e e e a e e e e . J e e OCL c c e e e e e e e e , a d a d OCL c c e e d e a d e c e a d a d e e e e e e e e c e d . e e e e e e e e c a e d e e e c c a c e e . J e e OCL a b e e e e e d a e a a d e e e e e e e e e e a a d a e e e e e e e a e e e a e e . I a a a b e e e e e d a e e e OCL e d b e a b e e e , a d e e e a d a d OCL e d b e a b e [15].

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D e e c e b e e e OCL e e a c d e a d a d a e a b e e b e e d .

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